

S-5701 B Series

125°C OPERATION, SUPER LOW CURRENT CONSUMPTION, LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION, OMNIPOLAR DETECTION TYPE TMR MAGNETIC SENSOR IC

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Rev.1.1 00

This IC, developed by TMR (tunnel magneto resistance effect) technology and CMOS technology, is a magnetic sensor IC that operates with super low current consumption and low voltage.

The output voltage level changes when this IC detects the intensity level of magnetic flux density. Using this IC with a magnet makes it possible to detect the open / close in various devices.

ABLIC Inc. offers a "magnetic simulation service" that provides the ideal combination of magnets and our magnetic sensor IC for customer systems. Our magnetic simulation service will reduce prototype production, development period and development costs. In addition, it will contribute to optimization of parts to realize high cost performance. For more information regarding our magnetic simulation service, contact our sales representatives.

Features

- Super low current consumption (IDD = 160 nA typ.) contributes to device power saving and extended period operation of battery devices
- High sensitivity magnetic characteristics enable downsizing of magnets
- Contributes to accurate mechanism operation over a wide temperature range due to excellent thermal stability of magnetic characteristics (Refer to "2. Magnetic characteristics" in "
 Characteristics (Typical Data)" for details)
- Uses a thin (t0.80 mm max.) TSOT-23-3S package, contributing to the enhancement of the designs of devices

Specifications

- Detection direction:
- Pole detection:
- Output logic:
- Output form:
- Magnetic sensitivity*1:
- Operating cycle (current consumption):
- Power supply voltage range:
- Operation temperature range:
- Lead-free (Sn 100%), halogen-free

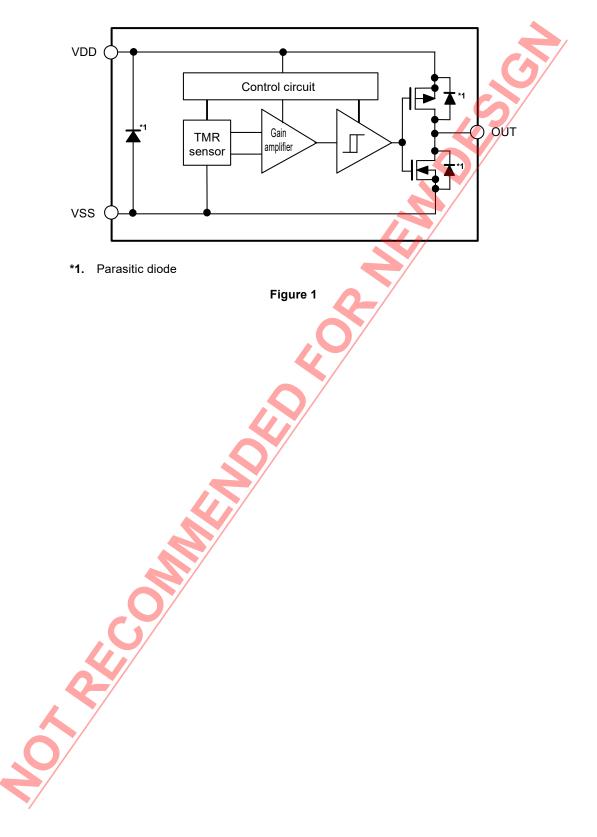
*1. The option can be selected.

Horizontal direction (Refer to " \blacksquare Operation" for details) Omnipolar detection Active "L" CMOS output Bop = 1.0 mT typ. Bop = 1.7 mT typ. Bop = 3.0 mT typ. tcycle = 100 ms (lob = 160 nA) typ. V_{DD} = 1.7 V to 5.5 V Ta = -40°C to +125°C

Applications

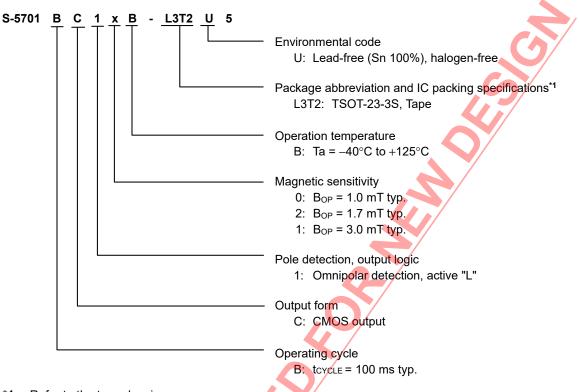
- Home security device
- (Window/door open/close detection) • Utility meter
- Battery powered device
- Wearable device
- Package
- TSOT-23-3S

Block Diagram



Product Name Structure

1. Product name



*1. Refer to the tape drawing.

2. Package

Table 1 Package Drawing Codes

| Package Name | Dimension | Tape | Reel |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| TSOT-23-3S | MP003-E-P-SD | MP003-E-C-SD | MP003-E-R-SD |

3. Product name list

Table 2

| Product Name | Operating Cycle (tcycLE) | Output Form | Pole Detection | Output Logic | Magnetic Sensitivity (B _{OP}) |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| S-5701BC10B-L3T2U5 | 100 ms typ. | CMOS output | Omnipolar | Active "L" | 1.0 mT typ. |
| S-5701BC12B-L3T2U5 | 100 ms typ. | CMOS output | Omnipolar | Active "L" | 1.7 mT typ. |
| S-5701BC11B-L3T2U5 | 100 ms typ. | CMOS output | Omnipolar | Active "L" | 3.0 mT typ. |

Remark Please contact our sales representatives for products other than the above.



■ Pin Configuraion

1. TSOT-23-3S

| | Table | 3 |
|---------|--------|------------------|
| Pin No. | Symbol | Description |
| 1 | VSS | GND pin |
| 2 | VDD | Power supply pin |
| 3 | OUT | Output pin |

Figure 2

Н 3

Top view

A standard and a standard and a standard a sta

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| | Table 4 | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------|
| Item | Symbol | Absolute Maximum Rating | Unit |
| Power supply voltage | V _{DD} | Vss – 0.3 to Vss + 6.0 | V |
| Output current | Ιουτ | ±20 | mA |
| Output voltage | Vout | Vss – 0.3 to Vpp + 0.3 | V |
| Maximum applied magnetic flux density | BMAX | ±50 | mT |
| Junction temperature | Tj | –40 to +150 | °C |
| Operation ambient temperature | T _{opr} | -40 to +125 | °C |
| Storage temperature | T _{stg} | -40 to +150 | °C |

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

■ Thermal Resistance Value

Table 5

| Item | Symbol | Condition | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|--|--------|------------|---------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | Board A | - | 225 | - | °C/W |
| | Αιθ | | Board B | I | 190 | - | °C/W |
| Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance*1 | | TSOT-23-3S | Board C | - | _ | - | °C/W |
| | | | Board D | - | _ | - | °C/W |
| | | | Board E | _ | | - | °C/W |

*1. Test environment: compliance with JEDEC STANDARD JESD51-2A

Remark Refer to "**Power Dissipation**" and "**Test Board**" for details.

Electrical Characteristics

| | | | | $\lambda = 0$ | | | o o ifi - d' |
|---------------------------|--------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|----------|--------------|
| Item | Symbol | (Ta = +25°C) Condition | , V _{DD} = 3.3 V, Min. | V _{SS} = 0 V Typ. | Max. | Unit | Test |
| | - | | | | | | Circuit |
| Power supply voltage | VDD | | 1.7 | 3.3 | 5.5 | V | - |
| Current consumption | IDD | Average value, V_{DD} = 3.3 V Average value, V_{DD} = 5.5 V | _ | 160 500 | 320 720 | nA nA | 1 1 |
| Low level output voltage | Vol | $I_{OUT} = 2 \text{ mA}$ | _ | | VDD × 0.1 | V | 2 |
| High level output voltage | VOL | $I_{OUT} = -2 \text{ mA}$ | $V_{DD} \times 0.9$ | | - | V | 3 |
| Awake mode time | taw | | - | 2.1 | _ | μs | _ |
| Sleep mode time | ts∟ | _ | _ | 100 | - | ms | _ |
| Operating cycle | tCYCLE | $t_{AW} + t_{SL}$ | - 4 | 100 | _ | ms | _ |
| | | | \$- | | | | |

Table 6

Magnetic Characteristics

1. Product with $B_{OP} = 1.0 \text{ mT}$ typ.

| | | | (Ta = +25 | °C, V _{DD} = 3 | 3.3 V, V _{SS} : | = 0 V unles | s otherv | vise specified) |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|
| Item | | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Test Circuit |
| Operation point*1 | S pole | Bops | - | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.5 | mT | 4 |
| Operation point*1 | N pole | BOPN | - | -1.5 | -1.0 | -0.4 | mT | 4 |
| Release point*2 | S pole | BRPS | - | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.9 | mT | 4 |
| Release point - | N pole | BRPN | - | -0.9 | -0.5 | -0.1 | mT | 4 |
| Libratana sia unidah *3 | S pole | BHYSS | BHYSS = BOPS - BRPS | _ | 0.5 | | mT | 4 |
| Hysteresis width*3 | N pole | BHYSN | BHYSN = BOPN - BRPN | — | 0.5 | | mT | 4 |

Table 7

2. Product with $B_{OP} = 1.7 \text{ mT typ.}$

Table 8

(Ta = $+25^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = 3.3 V, V_{SS} = 0 V unless otherwise specified)

| Item | | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Test Circuit |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------------------|----------------------|------|------|------|------|--------------|
| On exetient in einst*1 | S pole | BOPS | _ | 1.0 | 1.7 | 2.3 | mT | 4 |
| Operation point*1 | N pole | BOPN | - | -2.3 | -1.7 | -1.0 | mT | 4 |
| Dologoo point*2 | S pole | Brps | _ | 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.8 | mT | 4 |
| Release point ^{*2} | N pole | B _{RPN} | - | -1.8 | -1.2 | -0.5 | mT | 4 |
| L luctore cio unidale*3 | S pole | BHYSS | BHYSS = BOPS – BRPS | - | 0.5 | _ | mT | 4 |
| Hysteresis width*3 | N pole | B _{HYSN} | BHYSN = BOPN - BRPN | / _ | 0.5 | _ | mT | 4 |

3. Product with $B_{OP} = 3.0 \text{ mT}$ typ.



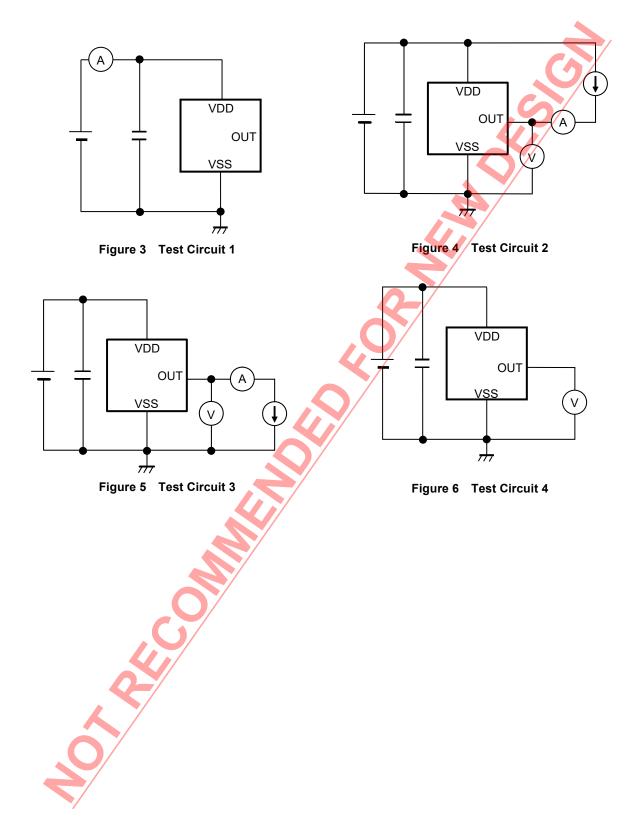
| | | (Ta = +25 | °C, V _{DD} = 3 | 3.3 V, Vss | = 0 V unles | ss otherv | vise specified) |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Test Circuit |
| S pole | BOPS | - | 2.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 | mT | 4 |
| N pole | B _{OPN} | - | -4.0 | -3.0 | -2.0 | mT | 4 |
| S pole | B _{RPS} | - | 1.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | mT | 4 |
| N pole | BRPN | - | -3.0 | -2.0 | -1.0 | mT | 4 |
| S pole | BHYSS | B _{HYSS} = B _{OPS} – B _{RPS} | _ | 1.0 | _ | mT | 4 |
| N pole | BHYSN | BHYSN = BOPN - BRPN | _ | 1.0 | _ | mT | 4 |
| | N pole S pole N pole S pole | S pole B _{OPS} N pole B _{OPN} S pole B _{RPS} N pole B _{RPN} S pole B _{HYSS} | Symbol Condition S pole B _{OPS} - N pole B _{OPN} - S pole B _{RPS} - N pole B _{RPN} - S pole B _{HYSS} B _{HYSS} = B _{OPS} - B _{RPS} | Symbol Condition Min. S pole B _{OPS} - 2.0 N pole B _{OPN} - -4.0 S pole B _{RPS} - 1.0 N pole B _{RPN} - -3.0 S pole B _{HYSS} B _{HYSS} = B _{OPS} - B _{RPS} - | Symbol Condition Min. Typ. S pole B _{OPS} - 2.0 3.0 N pole B _{OPN} - -4.0 -3.0 S pole B _{RPS} - 1.0 2.0 N pole B _{RPN} - -3.0 -2.0 S pole B _{RPN} - -3.0 -2.0 S pole B _{HYSS} B _{HYSS} = B _{OPS} - B _{RPS} - 1.0 | Symbol Condition Min. Typ. Max. S pole B _{OPS} - 2.0 3.0 4.0 N pole B _{OPN} - -4.0 -3.0 -2.0 S pole B _{RPS} - 1.0 2.0 3.0 N pole B _{RPS} - 1.0 2.0 3.0 N pole B _{RPN} - -3.0 -2.0 -1.0 S pole B _{HYSS} B _{HYSS} = B _{OPS} - B _{RPS} - 1.0 - | S pole B _{OPS} - 2.0 3.0 4.0 mT N pole B _{OPN} - -4.0 -3.0 -2.0 mT S pole B _{RPS} - 1.0 2.0 3.0 mT N pole B _{RPN} - -3.0 -2.0 mT S pole B _{RPN} - -3.0 -2.0 -1.0 S pole B _{RPN} - -3.0 -2.0 -1.0 mT S pole B _{HYSS} B _{HYSS} = B _{OPS} - B _{RPS} - 1.0 - mT |

*1. BOPN, BOPS: Operation points BOPN and BOPS are the values of magnetic flux density when the output voltage (VOUT) changes after the magnetic flux density applied to this IC by the magnet (N pole or S pole) is increased (by moving the magnet closer). Even when the magnetic flux density exceeds BOPN or BOPS, VOUT retains the status.

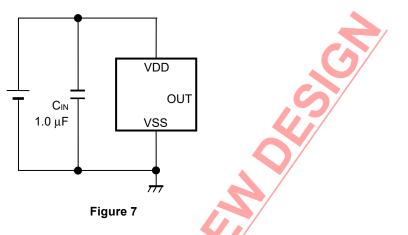
*3. BHYSN, BHYSS: Hysteresis widths BHYSN and BHYSS are the difference between BOPN and BRPN, and BOPS and BRPS, respectively.

Remark The unit of magnetic density mT can be converted by using the formula 1 mT = 10 Gauss.

Test Circuits



Standard Circuit



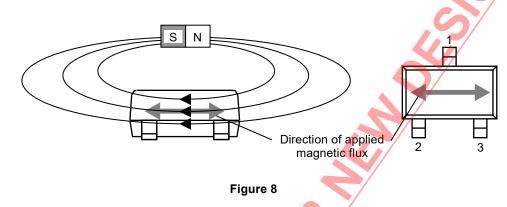
Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constants.

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Operation

1. Direction of applied magnetic flux

This IC detects the magnetic flux density which is horizontal to the package marking surface. A magnetic field is defined as positive when No.3 pin side of the package is the S pole, and negative when it is the N pole. **Figure 8** shows polarity in a magnetic field and direction in which magnetic flux is being applied.

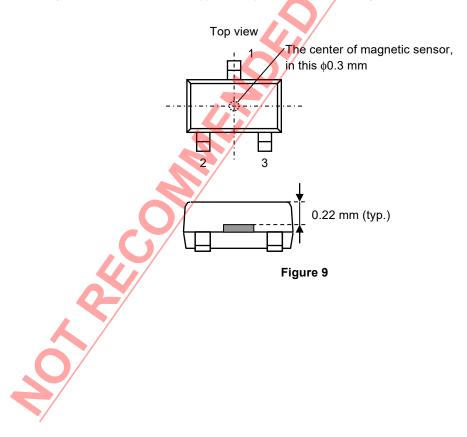


2. Position of magnetic sensor

Figure 9 shows the position of a magnetic sensor.

The center of this magnetic sensor is located in the area indicated by a circle, which is in the center of a package as described below.

The following also shows the distance (typ. value) between the marking surface and the chip surface of a package.

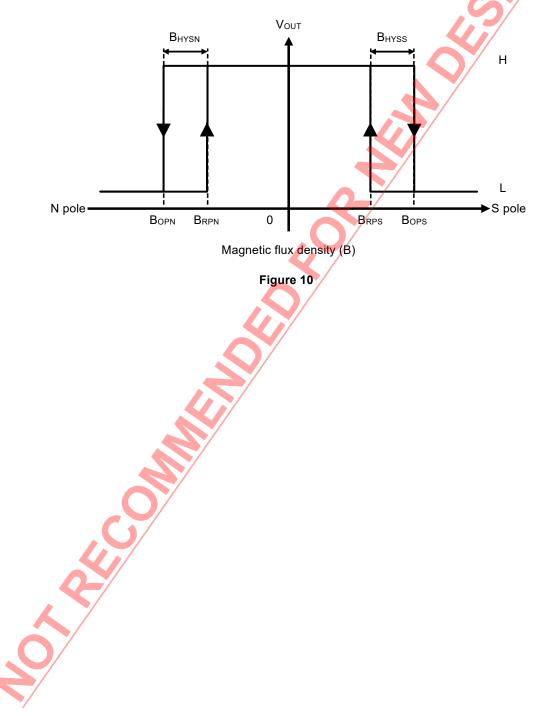


3. Basic operation

This IC changes the output voltage (V_{OUT}) according to the level of the magnetic flux density (N pole or S pole) applied by a magnet.

When the detected magnetic flux density exceeds the operation point (B_{OPN} or B_{OPS}), V_{OUT} changes from "H" to "L". When the detected magnetic flux density becomes lower than the release point (B_{RPN} or B_{RPS}), V_{OUT} changes from "L" to "H".

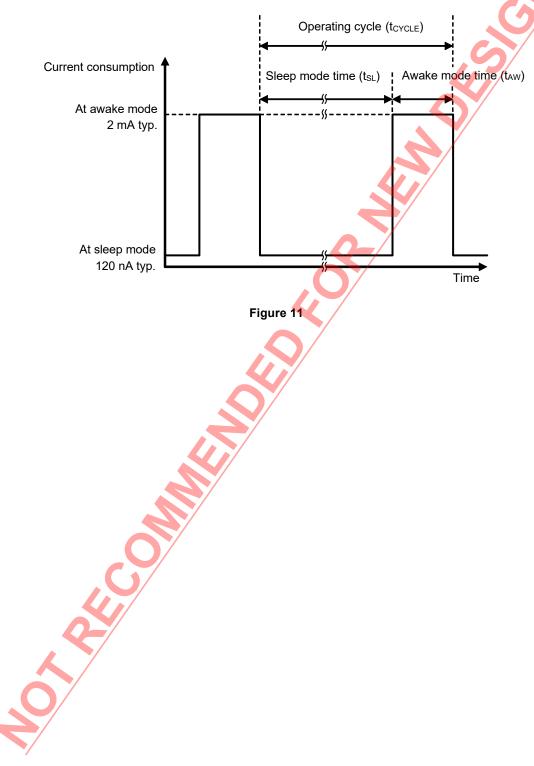
Figure 10 shows the relationship between the magnetic flux density and VOUT.



4. Time dependency in the current consumption

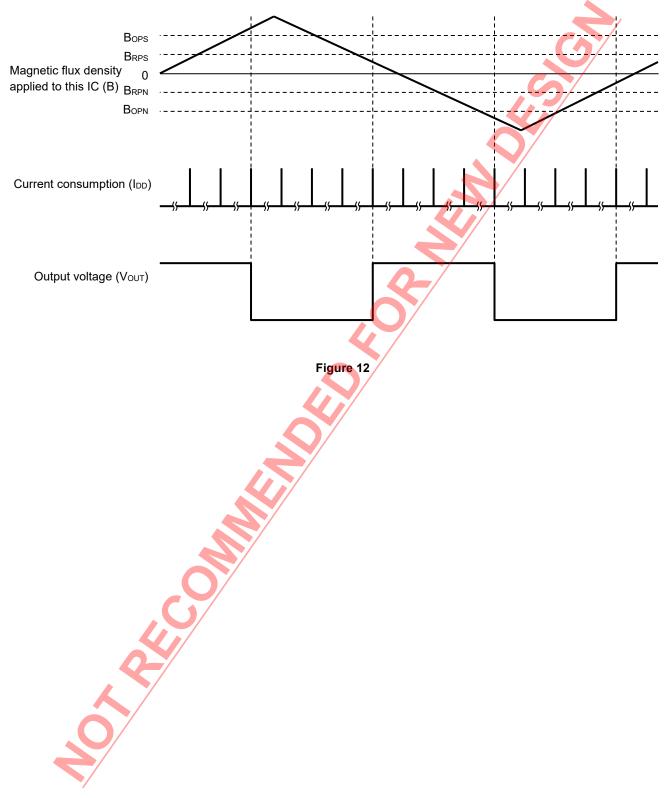
This IC performs the intermittent operation, and operates at low current consumption due to repeating the sleep mode and the awake mode.

Figure 11 shows the time dependency in the current consumption.



5. Timing chart

Figure 12 shows the operation timing of this IC.



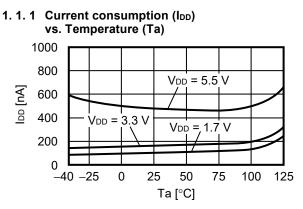
Precautions

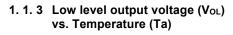
- If the impedance of the power supply is high, the IC may malfunction due to a supply voltage drop caused by feed-through current. Take care with the pattern wiring to ensure that the impedance of the power supply is low.
- Note that the IC may malfunction if the power supply voltage rapidly changes. When the IC is used under the
 environment where the power supply voltage rapidly changes, it is recommended to judge the output voltage of
 the IC by reading it multiple times.
- Note that the IC may take longer to change the output voltage according to the level of the magnetic flux density when power is supplied again just after power shutdown.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- Note that the output voltage may rarely change if the magnetic flux density between the operation point and the release point is applied to this IC continuously for a long time.
- The application conditions for the power supply voltage should not exceed the power dissipation.
- Large stress on this IC may affect the magnetic characteristics. Avoid large stress which is caused by the handling during or after mounting the IC on a board.
- ABLIC Inc. claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

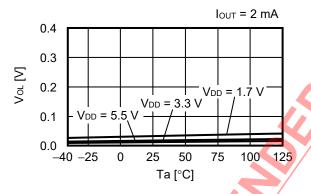
■ Characteristics (Typical Data)

1. Electrical characteristics

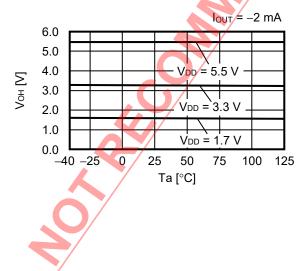
1.1 S-5701BC1xB

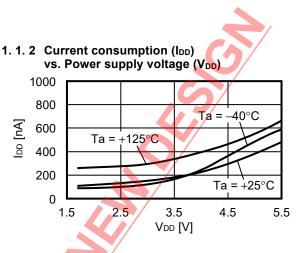




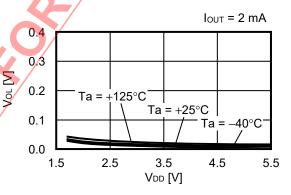


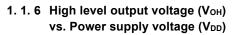
1.1.5 High level output voltage (Vон) vs. Temperature (Ta)

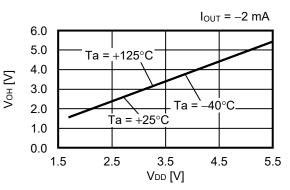


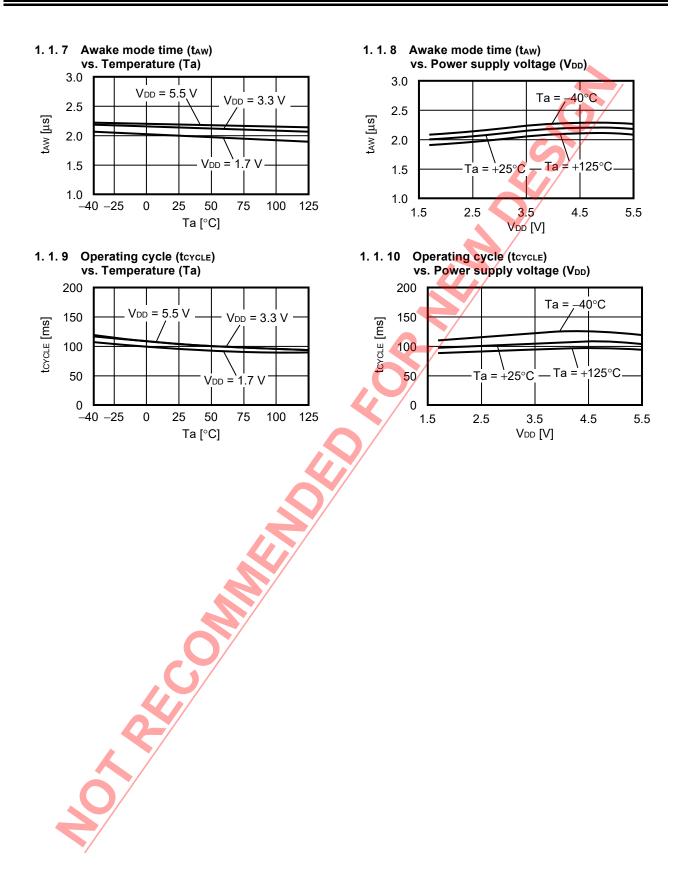








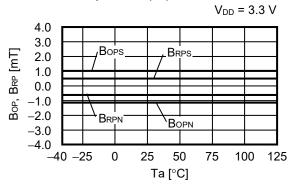




2. Magnetic characteristics

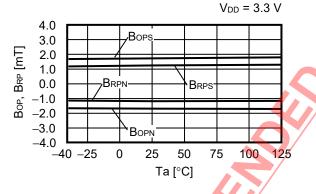
2.1 S-5701BC10B

2. 1. 1 Operation point, release point (B_{OP}, B_{RP}) vs. Temperature (Ta)



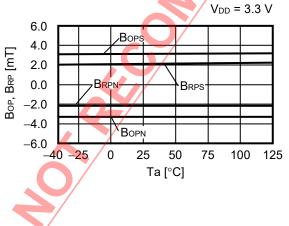
2.2 S-5701BC12B

2. 2. 1 Operation point, release point (Bop, BRP) vs. Temperature (Ta)

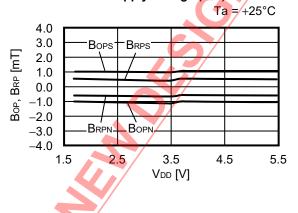


2.3 S-5701BC11B

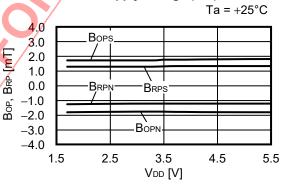
2. 3. 1 Operation point, release point (Bop, BRP) vs. Temperature (Ta)



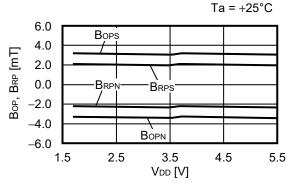
2. 1. 2 Operation point, release point (B_{DP}, B_{RP}) vs. Power supply voltage (V_{DD})



2. 2. 2 Operation point, release point (Bop, BRP) vs. Power supply voltage (VDD)

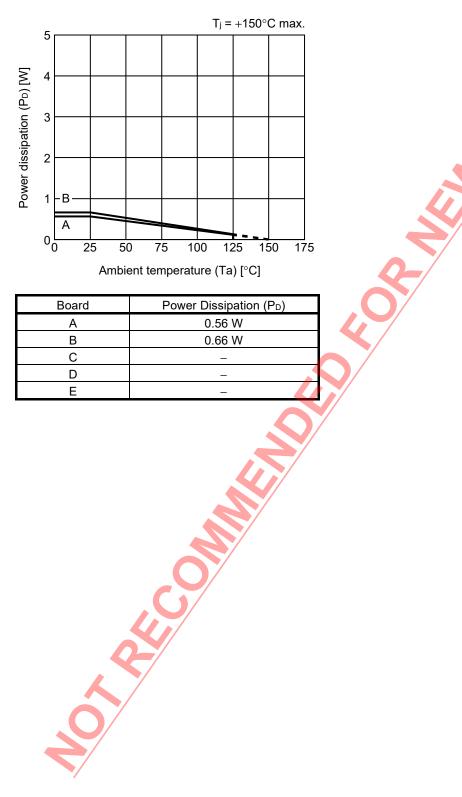


2. 3. 2 Operation point, release point (B_{OP}, B_{RP}) vs. Power supply voltage (V_{DD})



Power Dissipation

TSOT-23-3S



TSOT-23-3S Test Board

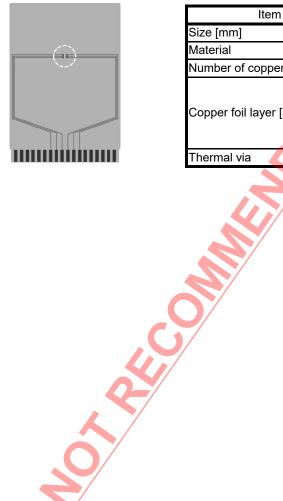
(1) Board A

🔘 IC Mount Area



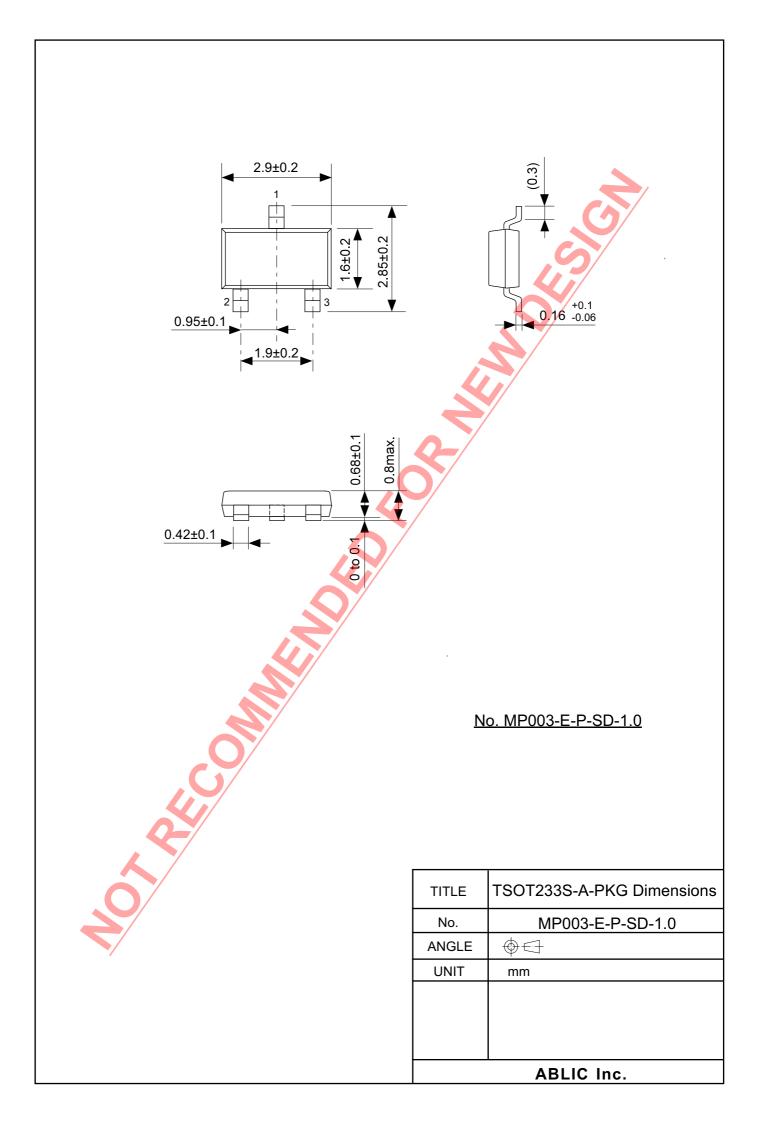
| Item | | Specification | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Size [mm] | | 114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6 | | |
| Material | | FR-4 | | |
| Number of copper foil layer | | 2 | | |
| | 1 | Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 | | |
| Copper foil layer [mm] | 2 | - | | |
| | 3 | | | |
| | 4 | 74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070 | | |
| Thermal via | | - | | |
| | | | | |

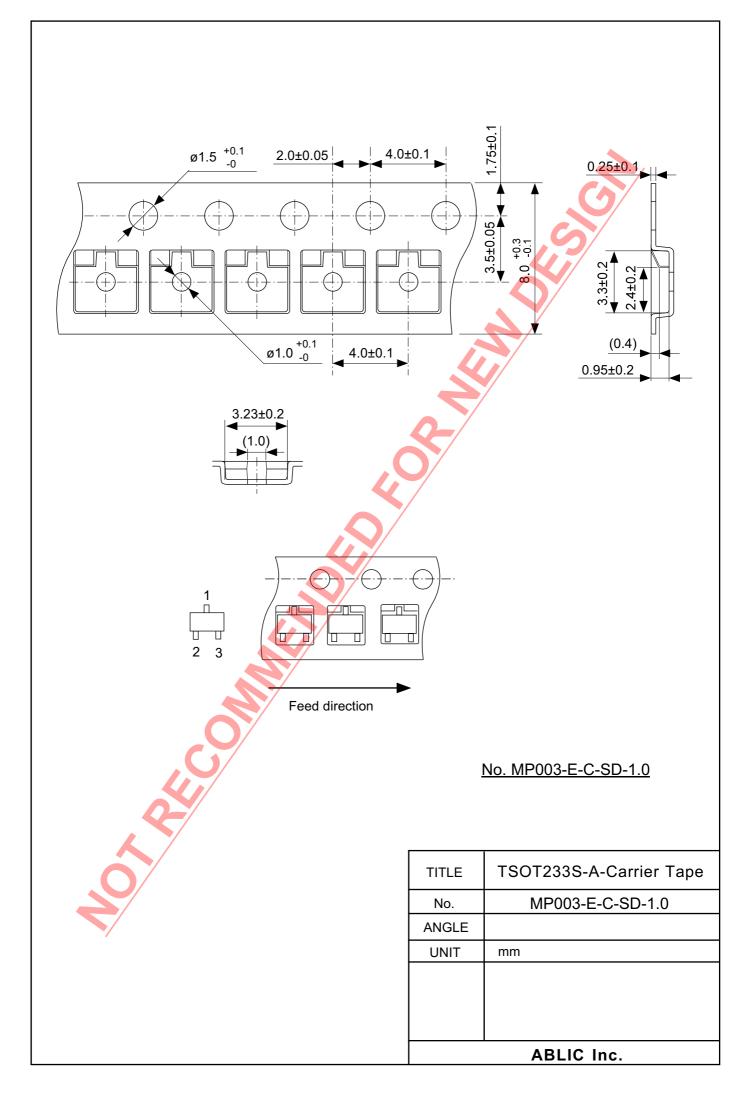
(2) Board B

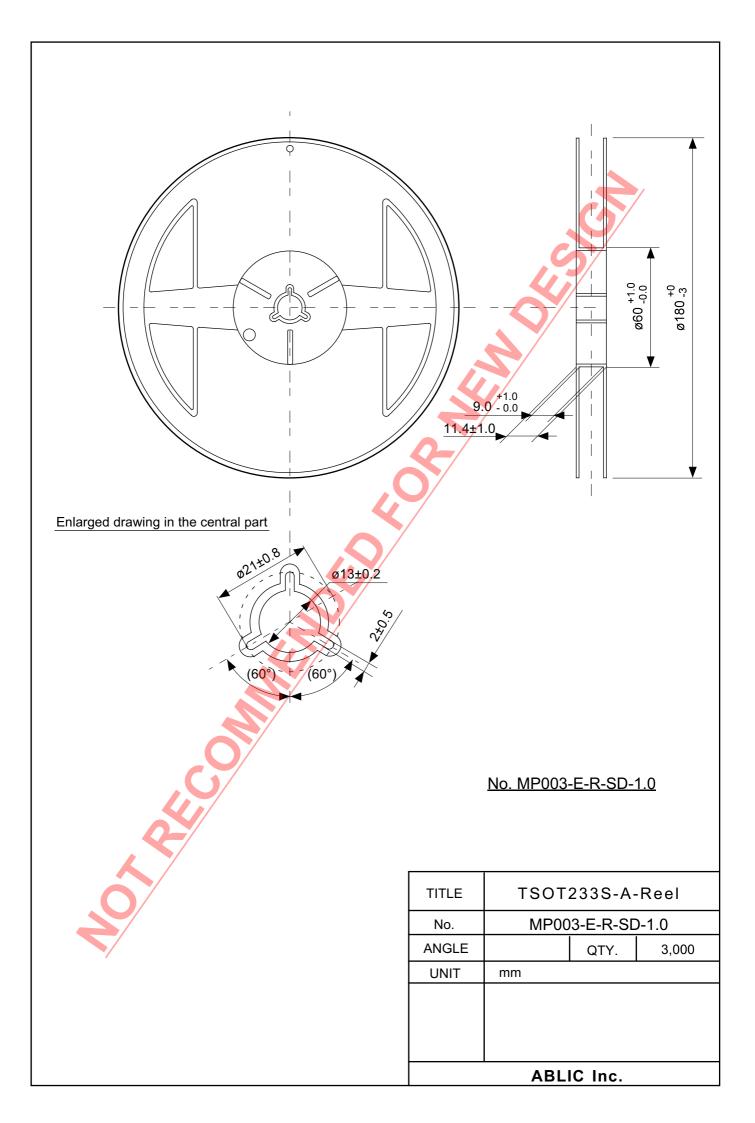


| Item | | Specification | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Size [mm] | | 114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6 | | | | |
| Material | | FR-4 | | | | |
| Number of copper foil la | ayer 🧲 | 4 | | | | |
| | 1 | Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070 | | | | |
| Copper foil layer [mm] | 2 | 74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035 | | | | |
| | 3 | 74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035 | | | | |
| | 4 | 74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070 | | | | |
| Thermal via | 7 | - | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

No. TSOT23x-A-Board-SD-1.0







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2.4-2019.07