

## S-5712E Series

## HIGH-SPEED LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION OMNIPOLAR / UNIPOLAR DETECTION TYPE HALL EFFECT SWITCH IC

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Rev.1.1 00

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This IC, developed by CMOS technology, is a high-accuracy Hall effect switch IC that operates at a low voltage with a highspeed detection. The output voltage changes when this IC detects the intensity level of magnetic flux density. Using this IC with a magnet makes it possible to detect the open / close in various devices.

High-density mounting is possible by using the small SOT-23-3 or the super-small SNT-4A package.

Due to its low voltage operation and low current consumption, this IC is suitable for battery-operated portable devices. Also, due to its high-accuracy magnetic characteristics, this IC can make operation's dispersion in the system combined with magnet smaller.

ABLIC Inc. offers a "magnetic simulation service" that provides the ideal combination of magnets and our Hall ICs for customer systems. Our magnetic simulation service will reduce prototype production, development period and development costs. In addition, it will contribute to optimization of parts to realize high cost performance.

For more information regarding our magnetic simulation service, contact our sales representatives.

## Features

- Pole detection<sup>\*1</sup>:
- Output logic\*1:
- Output form\*1:
- Magnetic sensitivity<sup>\*1</sup>:
- Operating cycle (current consumption):
- Power supply voltage range:
- Operation temperature range:
- Lead-free (Sn 100%), halogen-free

\*1. The option can be selected.

### Applications

- Mobile phone, smart phone
- Notebook PC, tablet PC
- Digital video camera
- Plaything, portable game
- Home appliance

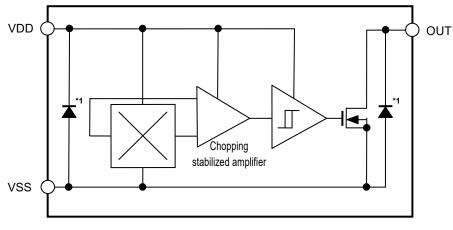
## Packages

- SOT-23-3
- SNT-4A

Detection of omnipolar, S pole or N pole Active "L", active "H" Nch open-drain output, CMOS output BoP = 3.0 mT typ. BoP = 4.5 mT typ. BoP = 7.0 mT typ. Product with omnipolar detection  $t_{CYCLE} = 0.10 \text{ ms} (I_{DD} = 640 \mu \text{A}) \text{ typ}.$ Product with S pole or N pole detection  $t_{CYCLE} = 0.05 \text{ ms} (I_{DD} = 640 \mu \text{A}) \text{ typ}.$ VDD = 1.6 V to 3.5 VTa =  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

## Block Diagrams

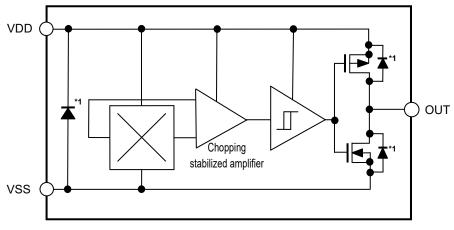
1. Nch open-drain output product



\*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 1

### 2. CMOS output product

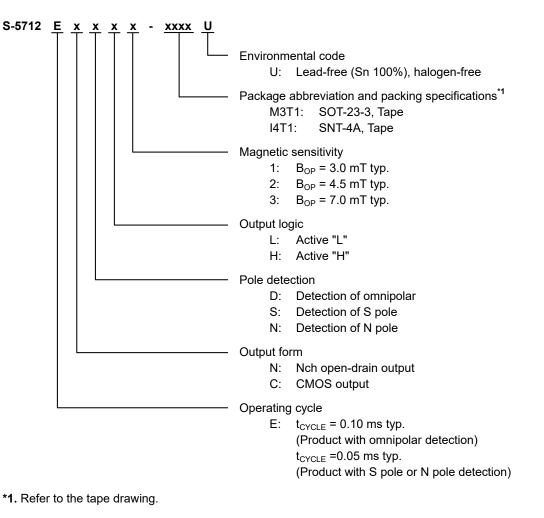


\*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 2

### Product Name Structure

1. Product name



### 2. Packages

 Table 1
 Package Drawing Codes

Package Name	Dimension	Таре	Reel	Land
SOT-23-3	MP003-C-P-SD	MP003-C-C-SD	MP003-Z-R-SD	_
SNT-4A	PF004-A-P-SD	PF004-A-C-SD	PF004-A-R-SD	PF004-A-L-SD

### 3. Product name list

### 3.1 SNT-4A

### 3. 1. 1 CMOS output product

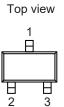
Table 2

Product Name	Operating Cycle (t <sub>CYCLE</sub> )	Output Form	Pole Detection	Output Logic	Magnetic Sensitivity (B <sub>OP</sub> )
S-5712ECDH1-I4T1U	0.10 ms typ.	CMOS output	Omnipolar	Active "H"	3.0 mT typ.
S-5712ECDH3-I4T1U	0.10 ms typ.	CMOS output	Omnipolar	Active "H"	7.0 mT typ.
S-5712ECSL2-I4T1U	0.05 ms typ.	CMOS output	S pole	Active "L"	4.5 mT typ.
S-5712ECSL3-I4T1U	0.05 ms typ.	CMOS output	S pole	Active "L"	7.0 mT typ.

**Remark** Please contact our sales representatives for products other than the above.

## Pin Configurations

## 1. SOT-23-3



Pin No.SymbolPin Description1VSSGND pin2VDDPower supply pin3OUTOutput pin

Figure 3
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### 2. SNT-4A



1 0 4 2 3

Figure 4

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin Description
1	VDD	Power supply pin
2	VSS	GND pin
3	NC <sup>*1</sup>	No connection
4	OUT	Output pin

Table 4

\*1. The NC pin is electrically open.

The NC pin can be connected to the VDD pin or the VSS pin.

## Table 3

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

### Table 5

			(Ta = +25°C unless other	wise specified
	Item	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage		V <sub>DD</sub>	$V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{SS} + 7.0$	V
Output current		I <sub>OUT</sub>	±1.0	mA
Output voltage	Nch open-drain output product		Vss - 0.3 to Vss + 7.0	V
Output voltage	CMOS output product	- V <sub>OUT</sub>	$V_{\text{SS}} - 0.3$ to $V_{\text{DD}} + 0.3$	V
Operation ambient temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +125	°C

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

Table 6

## Thermal Resistance Value

Item	Symbol	Con	dition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
		SOT-23-3	Board A	-	200	_	°C/W
			Board B	-	165	_	°C/W
			Board C	-	_	_	°C/W
			Board D	-	_	_	°C/W
1			Board E	-	_	_	°C/W
Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance*1	θ <sub>JA</sub>		Board A	_	300	-	°C/W
			Board B	-	242	_	°C/W
		SNT-4A	Board C	_	_	-	°C/W
			Board D	_	_	-	°C/W
			Board E	_	_	_	°C/W

\*1. Test environment: compliance with JEDEC STANDARD JESD51-2A

**Remark** Refer to "**■ Power Dissipation**" and **"Test Board**" for details.

### Electrical Characteristics

### 1. Product with omnipolar detection

### 1.1 S-5712ExDxx

	(Ta = +25°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.85 V, V <sub>SS</sub> = 0 V unless otherwise specif								
Item	Symbol	C	Condition			Max.	Unit	Test Circuit	
Power supply voltage	VDD		_	1.60	1.85	3.50	V	-	
Current consumption	IDD	Average value	Average value			1000	μA	1	
	Vout C	Nch open-drain output product	Output transistor Nch, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 mA	_	_	0.4	V	2	
Output voltage		CMOS output	Output transistor Nch, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 mA	_	_	0.4	V	2	
		product	Output transistor Pch, I <sub>OUT</sub> = -0.5 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.4	_	_	V	3	
Leakage current	ILEAK	Nch open-drain o Output transistor	_	_	1	μA	4		
Operating cycle	tcycle		_	_	0.10	0.20	ms	_	

Table 7

### 2. Product with S pole or N pole detection

### 2.1 S-5712ExSxx, S-5712ExNxx

### Table 8

			(Ta = +25°C, V <sub>DD</sub>	) = 1.85 V,	Vss = 0 V	unless oth	nerwise s	pecified)
Item	Symbol	С	Condition			Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		_			3.50	V	_
Current consumption	IDD	Average value	_	640	1000	μA	1	
	Vout	Nch open-drain output product	Output transistor Nch, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 mA	_	-	0.4	V	2
Output voltage		CMOS output product	Output transistor Nch, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 mA	_	Ι	0.4	V	2
			Output transistor Pch, I <sub>OUT</sub> = -0.5 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.4	Ι	-	V	3
Leakage current	I <sub>LEAK</sub>		Nch open-drain output product Output transistor Nch, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.5 V		_	1	μA	4
Operating cycle	<b>t</b> CYCLE		-	_	0.05	0.10	ms	_

#### 2500 1/-1 05 \/ \/--0.1/ upla /<del>-</del>

## Magnetic Characteristics

### 1. Product with omnipolar detection

1. 1 Product with  $B_{OP} = 3.0 \text{ mT typ.}$ 

			(Ta = +25	°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1	I.85 V, Vss	= 0 V unle	ss other	wise specified)
ltem		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Operation paint*1	S pole	BOPS	-	1.4	3.0	4.0	mT	5
Operation point*1	N pole	BOPN	-	-4.0	-3.0	-1.4	mT	5
Dologoo point*2	S pole	BRPS	-	1.1	2.2	3.7	mT	5
Release point*2	N pole	BRPN	-	-3.7	-2.2	-1.1	mT	5
Hysteresis width*3	S pole	BHYSS	BHYSS = BOPS - BRPS	_	0.8	1	mT	5
	N pole	BHYSN	BHYSN =  BOPN - BRPN	_	0.8	-	mT	5

### 1. 2 Product with $B_{OP} = 4.5 \text{ mT typ.}$

Table 10

			(Ta = +25	°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1	1.85 V, Vss	= 0 V unle	ss other	wise specified)
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Operation point*1	S pole	BOPS	_	2.5	4.5	6.0	mT	5
	N pole	BOPN	-	-6.0	-4.5	-2.5	mT	5
Dologoo point*2	S pole	BRPS	-	2.0	3.5	5.5	mT	5
Release point*2	N pole	BRPN	-	-5.5	-3.5	-2.0	mT	5
Hysteresis width*3	S pole	BHYSS	BHYSS = BOPS - BRPS	-	1.0	-	mT	5
	N pole	BHYSN	BHYSN = BOPN - BRPN	-	1.0	_	mT	5

### 1. 3 Product with $B_{OP} = 7.0 \text{ mT typ.}$

Table 11

			(Ta = +25	°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1	1.85 V, Vss	= 0 V unle	ss otherv	wise specified)
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Operation point*1	S pole	BOPS	_	5.0	7.0	8.5	mT	5
	N pole	BOPN	-	-8.5	-7.0	-5.0	mT	5
Dologoo point*2	S pole	BRPS	-	3.7	5.2	7.2	mT	5
Release point <sup>*2</sup>	N pole	BRPN	-	-7.2	-5.2	-3.7	mT	5
Hysteresis width*3	S pole	BHYSS	BHYSS = BOPS - BRPS	_	1.8		mT	5
	N pole	BHYSN	BHYSN =  BOPN - BRPN	_	1.8	_	mT	5

## Table 9

### 2. Product with S pole detection

### 2. 1 Product with $B_{OP} = 3.0 \text{ mT typ.}$

### Table 12

			(Ta = +25	°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1	I. <b>85</b> V, Vss	= 0 V unle	ss other	wise specified)
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Operation point*1	S pole	BOPS	-	1.4	3.0	4.0	mT	5
Release point*2	S pole	BRPS	_	1.1	2.2	3.7	mT	5
Hysteresis width*3	S pole	BHYSS	BHYSS = BOPS - BRPS	I	0.8	_	mT	5

### 2. 2 Product with $B_{OP} = 4.5 \text{ mT typ.}$

### Table 13

			(Ta = +25	°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1	. <b>85 V</b> , Vss	= 0 V unle	ss other	wise specified)
ltem		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Operation point*1	S pole	BOPS	-	2.5	4.5	6.0	mT	5
Release point*2	S pole	B <sub>RPS</sub>	_	2.0	3.5	5.5	mT	5
Hysteresis width*3	S pole	BHYSS	BHYSS = BOPS - BRPS		1.0		mT	5

### 2.3 Product with $B_{OP} = 7.0 \text{ mT typ.}$

Table 14

			(Ta = +25	°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1	I. <b>85</b> V, Vss	= 0 V unle	ss other	wise specified)
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Operation point*1	S pole	BOPS	-	5.0	7.0	8.5	mT	5
Release point*2	S pole	B <sub>RPS</sub>	_	3.7	5.2	7.2	mT	5
Hysteresis width*3	S pole	B <sub>HYSS</sub>	BHYSS = BOPS - BRPS	I	1.8	I	mT	5

### 3. Product with N pole detection

3.1 Product with  $B_{OP} = 3.0 \text{ mT typ.}$ 

Table 15

			(Ta = +25	°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1	1.85 V, Vss	= 0 V unle	ss other	wise specified)
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Operation point*1	N pole	BOPN	-	-4.0	-3.0	-1.4	mT	5
Release point*2	N pole	BRPN	_	-3.7	-2.2	-1.1	mT	5
Hysteresis width*3	N pole	BHYSN	BHYSN = BOPN - BRPN	١	0.8	_	mT	5

3. 2 **Product with B\_{OP} = 4.5 \text{ mT typ.}** 

Table 16

			(Ta = +25	°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1	1.85 V, V <sub>SS</sub>	= 0 V unle	ss other	wise specified)
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Operation point*1	N pole	BOPN	-	-6.0	-4.5	-2.5	mT	5
Release point*2	N pole	BRPN	-	-5.5	-3.5	-2.0	mT	5
Hysteresis width*3	N pole	BHYSN	BHYSN =  BOPN - BRPN	_	1.0	_	mT	5

3.3 Product with  $B_{OP} = 7.0 \text{ mT typ.}$ 

Table 17

			(Ta = +25	°C, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1	.85 V, V <sub>SS</sub>	= 0 V unle	ss other	wise specified)
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Operation point*1	N pole	BOPN	-	-8.5	-7.0	-5.0	mT	5
Release point <sup>*2</sup>	N pole	B <sub>RPN</sub>	-	-7.2	-5.2	-3.7	mT	5
Hysteresis width*3	N pole	BHYSN	B <sub>HYSN</sub> =  B <sub>OPN</sub> - B <sub>RPN</sub>	-	1.8	-	mT	5

\*1. BOPN, BOPS: Operation points

B<sub>OPN</sub> and B<sub>OPS</sub> are the values of magnetic flux density when the output voltage (V<sub>OUT</sub>) changes after the magnetic flux density applied to this IC by the magnet (N pole or S pole) is increased (by moving the magnet closer). Even when the magnetic flux density exceeds B<sub>OPN</sub> or B<sub>OPS</sub>, V<sub>OUT</sub> retains the status.

\*2. BRPN, BRPS: Release points

 $B_{RPN}$  and  $B_{RPS}$  are the values of magnetic flux density when the output voltage (V<sub>OUT</sub>) changes after the magnetic flux density applied to this IC by the magnet (N pole or S pole) is decreased (the magnet is moved further away). Even when the magnetic flux density falls below  $B_{RPN}$  or  $B_{RPS}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  retains the status.

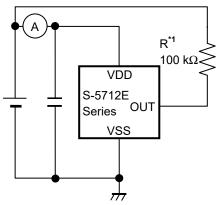
## \*3. BHYSN, BHYSN: Hysteresis widths

B<sub>HYSN</sub> and B<sub>HYSS</sub> are the difference between B<sub>OPN</sub> and B<sub>RPN</sub>, and B<sub>OPS</sub> and B<sub>RPS</sub>, respectively.

**Remark** The unit of magnetic density mT can be converted by using the formula 1 mT = 10 Gauss.

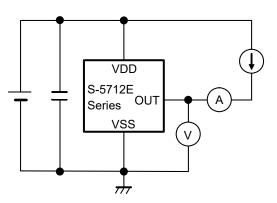
## HIGH-SPEED LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION OMNIPOLAR / UNIPOLAR DETECTION TYPE HALL EFFECT SWITCH IC Rev.1.1\_00 S-5712E Series

## Test Circuits



\*1. Resistor (R) is unnecessary for the CMOS output product.







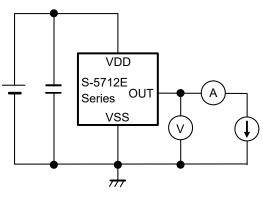


Figure 7 Test Circuit 3

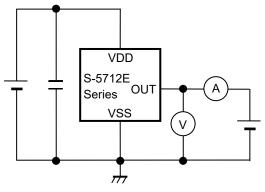
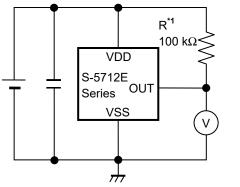


Figure 8 Test Circuit 4

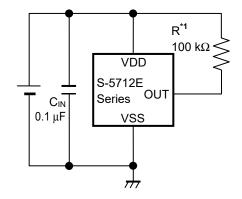


\*1. Resistor (R) is unnecessary for the CMOS output product.

Figure 9 Test Circuit 5

HIGH-SPEED LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION OMNIPOLAR / UNIPOLAR DETECTION TYPE HALL EFFECT SWITCH IC Rev.1.1\_00 S-5712E Series

## Standard Circuit



\*1. Resistor (R) is unnecessary for the CMOS output product.

### Figure 10

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

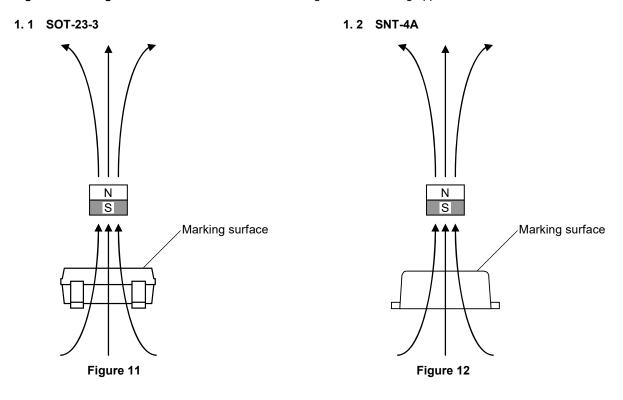
## Operation

### 1. Direction of applied magnetic flux

This IC detects the flux density which is vertical to the marking surface.

In the product with omnipolar detection, the output voltage (V<sub>OUT</sub>) is inverted when the S pole or N pole is moved closer to the marking surface.

In the product with S pole detection,  $V_{OUT}$  is inverted when the S pole is moved closer to the marking surface. In the product with N pole detection,  $V_{OUT}$  is inverted when the N pole is moved closer to the marking surface. **Figure 11** and **Figure 12** show the direction in which magnetic flux is being applied.



### 2. Position of Hall sensor

Figure 13 and Figure 14 show the position of Hall sensor.

The center of this Hall sensor is located in the area indicated by a circle, which is in the center of a package as described below.

The following also shows the distance (typ. value) between the marking surface and the chip surface of a package.

### 2.1 SOT-23-3

### 2.2 SNT-4A

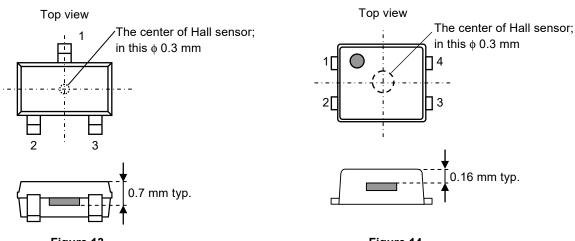


Figure 13

Figure 14

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### 3. Basic operation

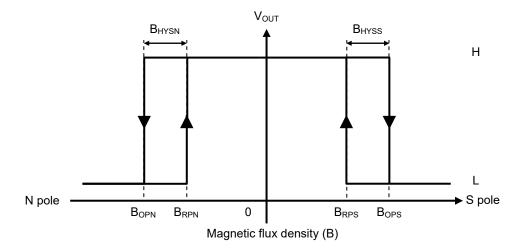
This IC changes the output voltage level (V<sub>OUT</sub>) according to the level of the magnetic flux density (N pole or S pole) applied by a magnet.

The following explains the operation when the output logic is active "L".

### 3.1 Product with omnipolar detection

When the magnetic flux density vertical to the marking surface exceeds the operation point (BOPN or BOPS) after the S pole or N pole of a magnet is moved closer to the marking surface of this IC, Vout changes from "H" to "L". When the S pole or N pole of a magnet is moved further away from the marking surface of this IC and the magnetic flux density is lower than the release point (BRPN or BRPS), VOUT changes from "L" to "H".

Figure 15 shows the relationship between the magnetic flux density and VOUT.



#### Figure 15

#### 3.2 Product with S pole detection

When the magnetic flux density vertical to the marking surface exceeds BOPS after the S pole of a magnet is moved closer to the marking surface of this IC, V<sub>OUT</sub> changes from "H" to "L". When the S pole of a magnet is moved further away from the marking surface of this IC and the magnetic flux density is lower than B<sub>RPS</sub>, V<sub>OUT</sub> changes from "L" to "H".

Figure 16 shows the relationship between the magnetic flux density and VOUT.

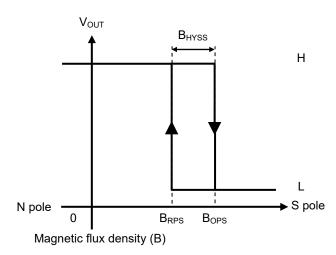


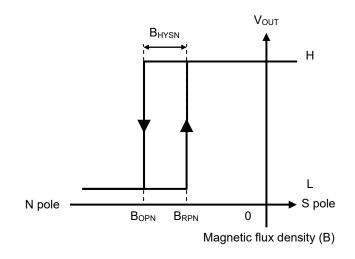
Figure 16

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### 3.3 Product with N pole detection

When the magnetic flux density vertical to the marking surface exceeds  $B_{OPN}$  after the N pole of a magnet is moved closer to the marking surface of this IC,  $V_{OUT}$  changes from "H" to "L". When the N pole of a magnet is moved further away from the marking surface of this IC and the magnetic flux density is lower than  $B_{RPN}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  changes from "L" to "H".

Figure 17 shows the relationship between the magnetic flux density and VOUT.





### 4. Timing chart

Figure 18 shows the operation timing of this IC.

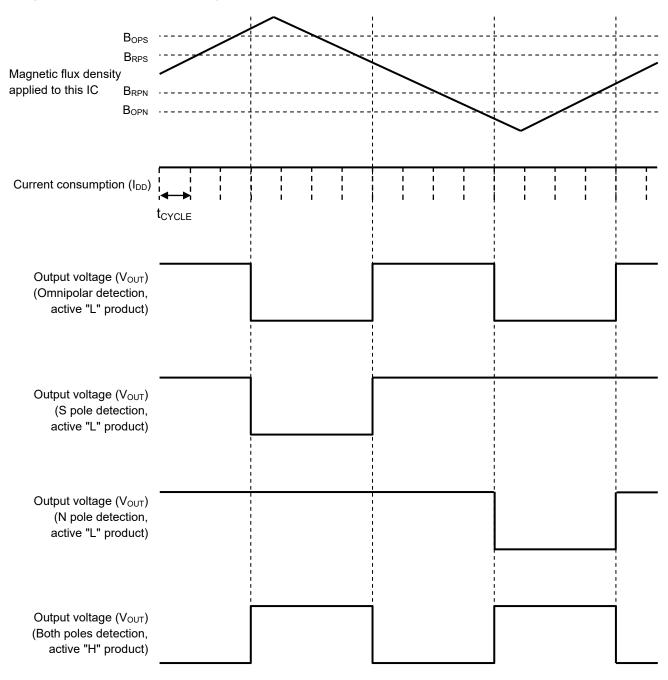


Figure 18

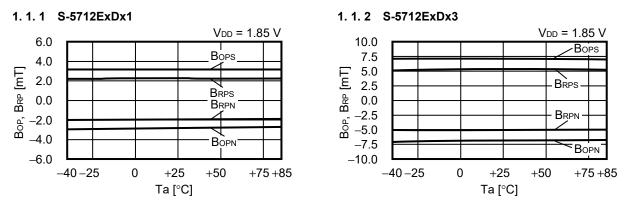
### Precautions

- If the impedance of the power supply is high, the IC may malfunction due to a supply voltage drop caused by feedthrough current. Take care with the pattern wiring to ensure that the impedance of the power supply is low.
- Note that the IC may malfunction if the power supply voltage rapidly changes.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- Large stress on this IC may affect the magnetic characteristics. Avoid large stress which is caused by the handling during or after mounting the IC on a board.
- ABLIC Inc. claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

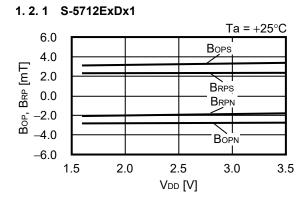
## Characteristics (Typical Data)

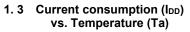
### 1. S-5712ExDxx

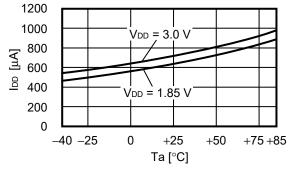
1.1 Operation point, release point (BOP, BRP) vs. Temperature (Ta)

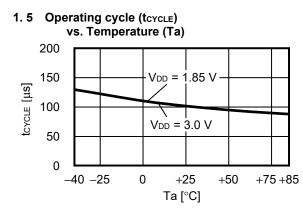


1.2 Operation point, release point (BOP, BRP) vs. Power supply voltage (VDD)









1.4 Current consumption (IDD) vs. Power supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>)

2.0

1.2.2 S-5712ExDx3

10.0

7.5

2.5

0.0

-2.5

-7.5

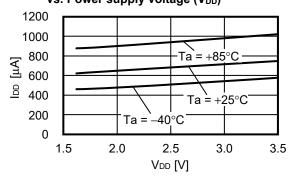
1.5

-10.0

[m] 5.0

BRP

BoP, -5.0



2.5

VDD [V]

Ta = +25°C

BOPS

BRPS

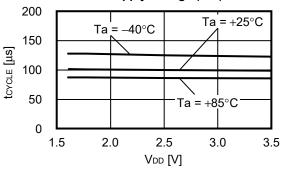
BRPN

BOPN

3.0

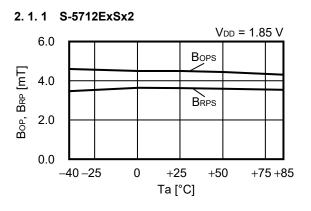
3.5

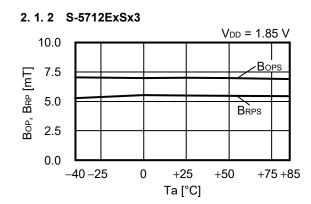
1. 6 Operating cycle (tcycle) vs. Power supply voltage (VDD)



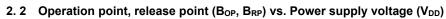
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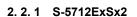
### 2. S-5712ExSxx

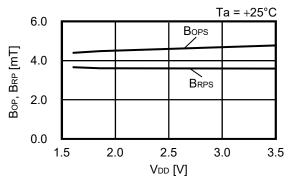




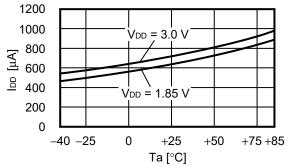
### 2.1 Operation point, release point (BOP, BRP) vs. Temperature (Ta)

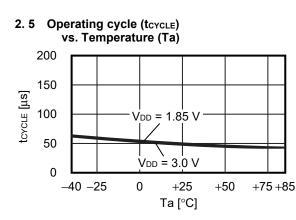




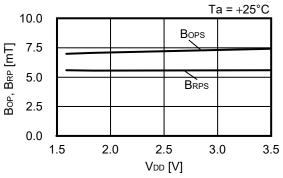


### 2. 3 Current consumption (I<sub>DD</sub>) vs. Temperature (Ta)

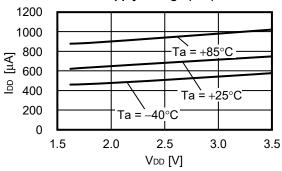




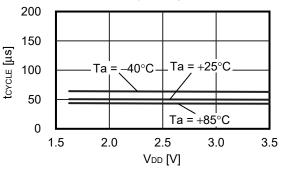
2. 2. 2 S-5712ExSx3



#### 2.4 Current consumption (IDD) vs. Power supply voltage (VDD)



2. 6 Operating cycle (tcycLE) vs. Power supply voltage (VDD)

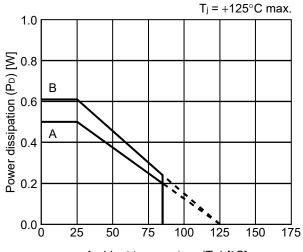


## HIGH-SPEED LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION OMNIPOLAR / UNIPOLAR DETECTION TYPE HALL EFFECT SWITCH IC Rev.1.1\_00 S-5712E Series

## Power Dissipation

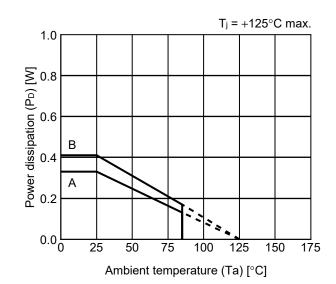
SOT-23-3

SNT-4A



Ambient temperature (Ta) [°C]

Board	Power Dissipation (P <sub>D</sub> )
А	0.50 W
В	0.61 W
С	_
D	_
E	_



 Board
 Power Dissipation (PD)

 A
 0.33 W

 B
 0.41 W

 C

 D

 E

# SOT-23-3/3S/5/6 Test Board

) IC Mount Area

## (1) Board A



Item		Specification
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6
Material		FR-4
Number of copper foil layer		2
	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070
Copper foil layer [mm]	2	-
	3	-
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070
Thermal via		-

## (2) Board B



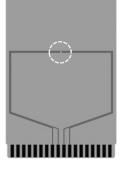
Item		Specification
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6
Material		FR-4
Number of copper foil layer		4
	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070
Coppor foil lover [mm]	2	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035
Copper foil layer [mm]	3	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070
Thermal via		-

No. SOT23x-A-Board-SD-2.0

# **SNT-4A Test Board**

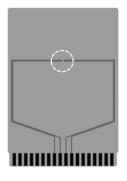
## (1) Board A

🔘 IC Mount Area



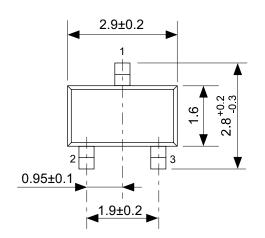
Item		Specification
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6
Material		FR-4
Number of copper foil layer		2
	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070
Copper foil layer [mm]	2	-
Copper foil layer [mm]	3	-
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070
Thermal via		-

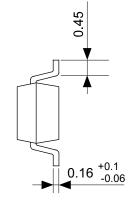
## (2) Board B

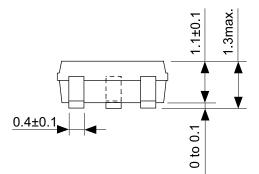


Item		Specification
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6
Material		FR-4
Number of copper foil layer		4
	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070
Coppor foil lover [mm]	2	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035
Copper foil layer [mm]	3	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070
Thermal via		-

No. SNT4A-A-Board-SD-1.0

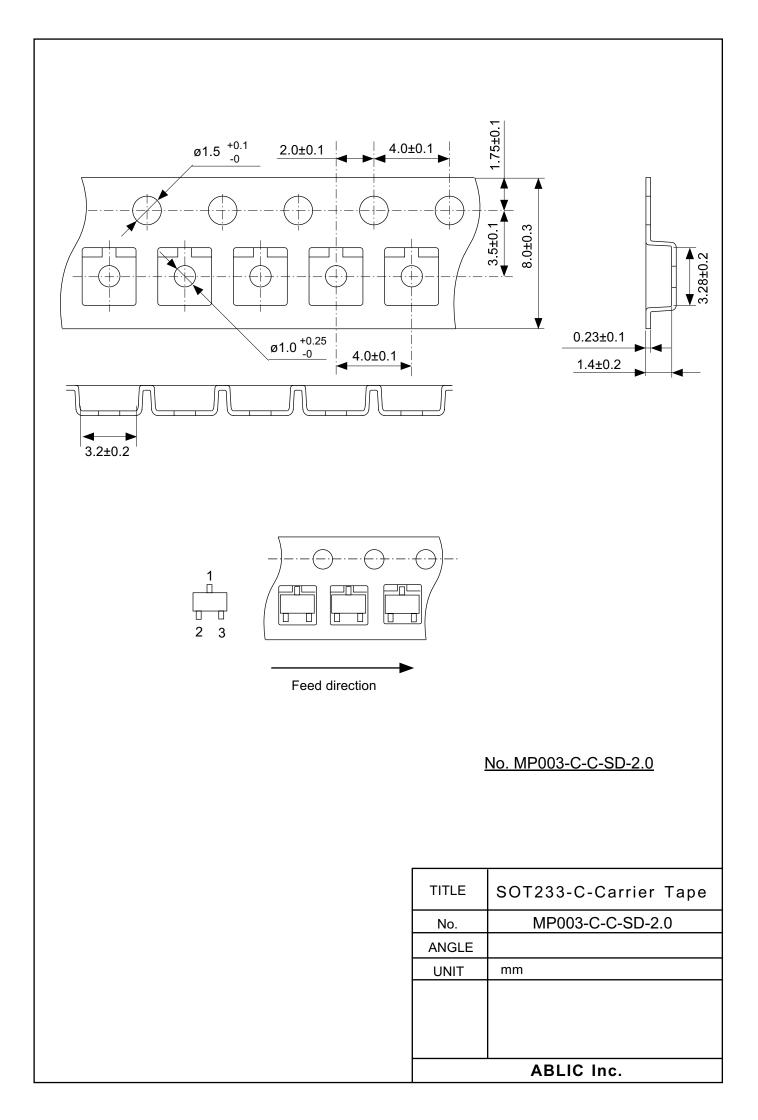


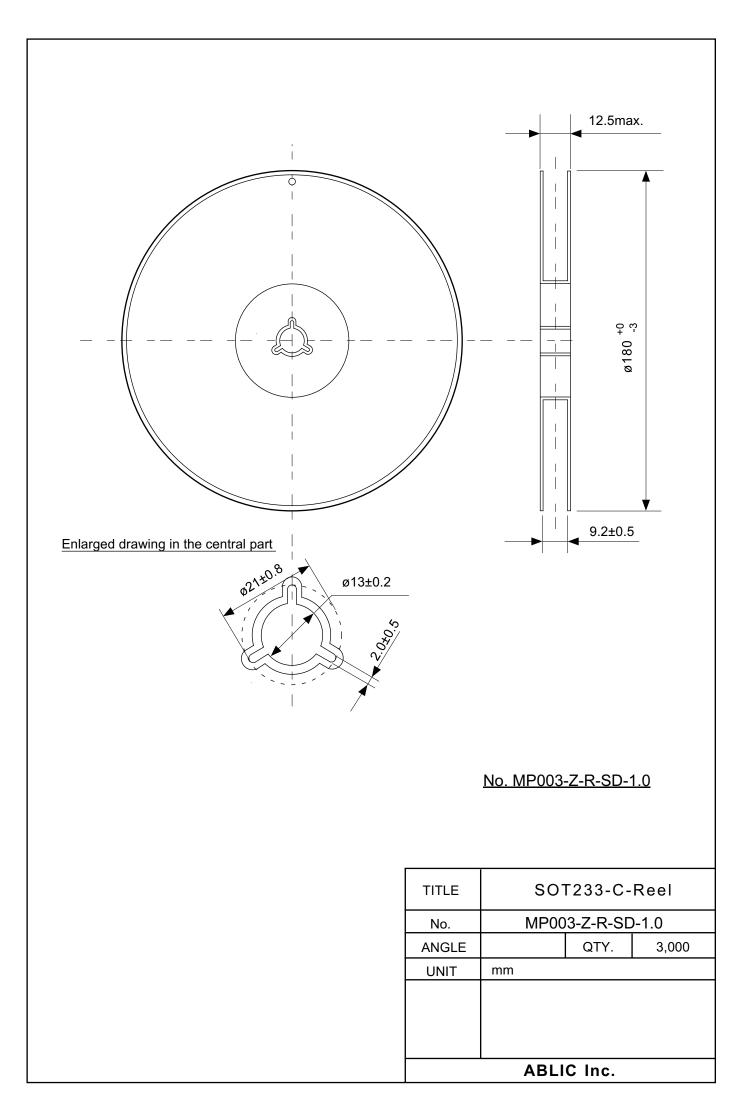


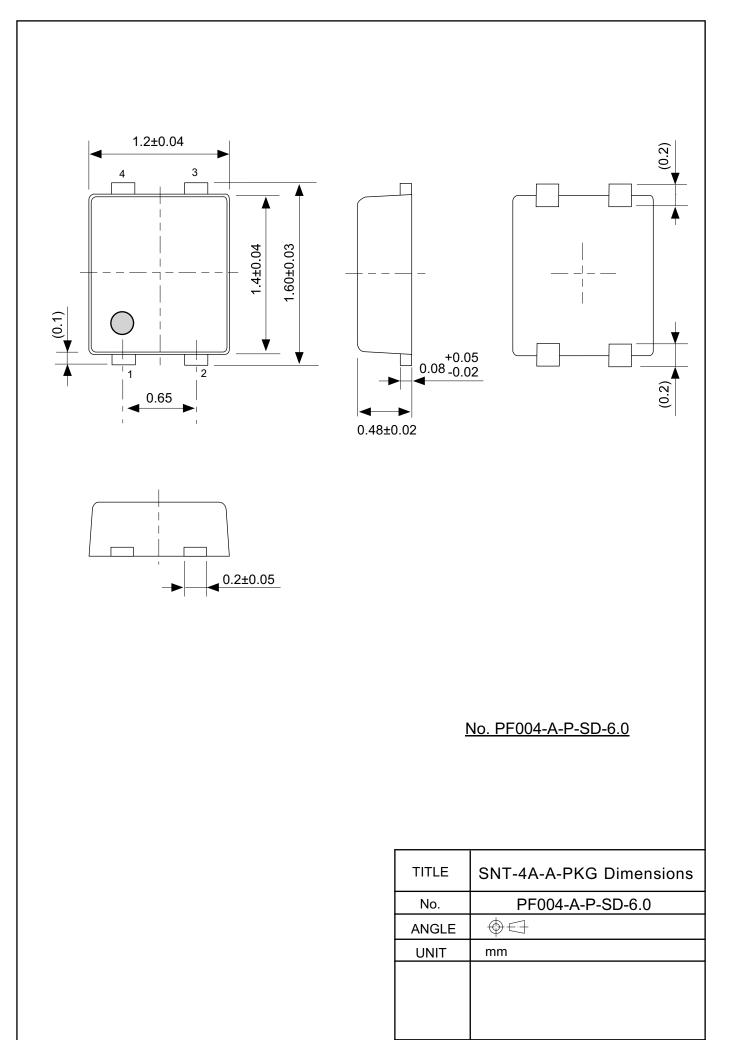


No. MP003-C-P-SD-1.1

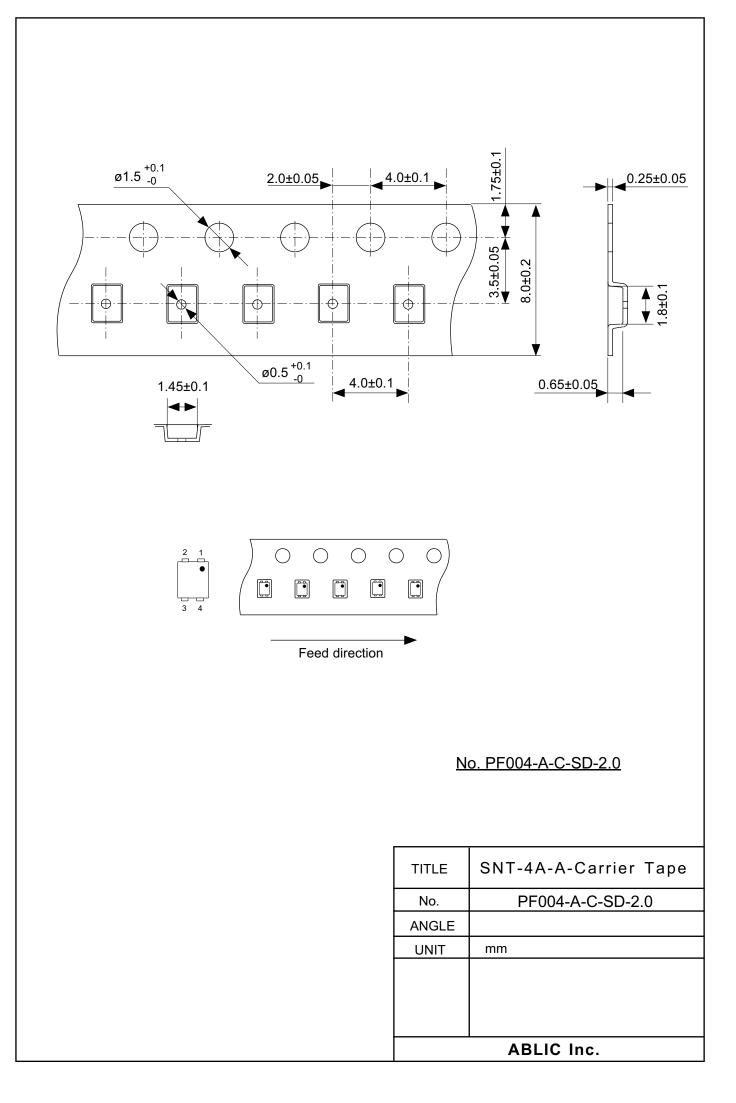
TITLE	SOT233-C-PKG Dimensions			
No.	MP003-C-P-SD-1.1			
ANGLE	$\oplus$			
UNIT	mm			
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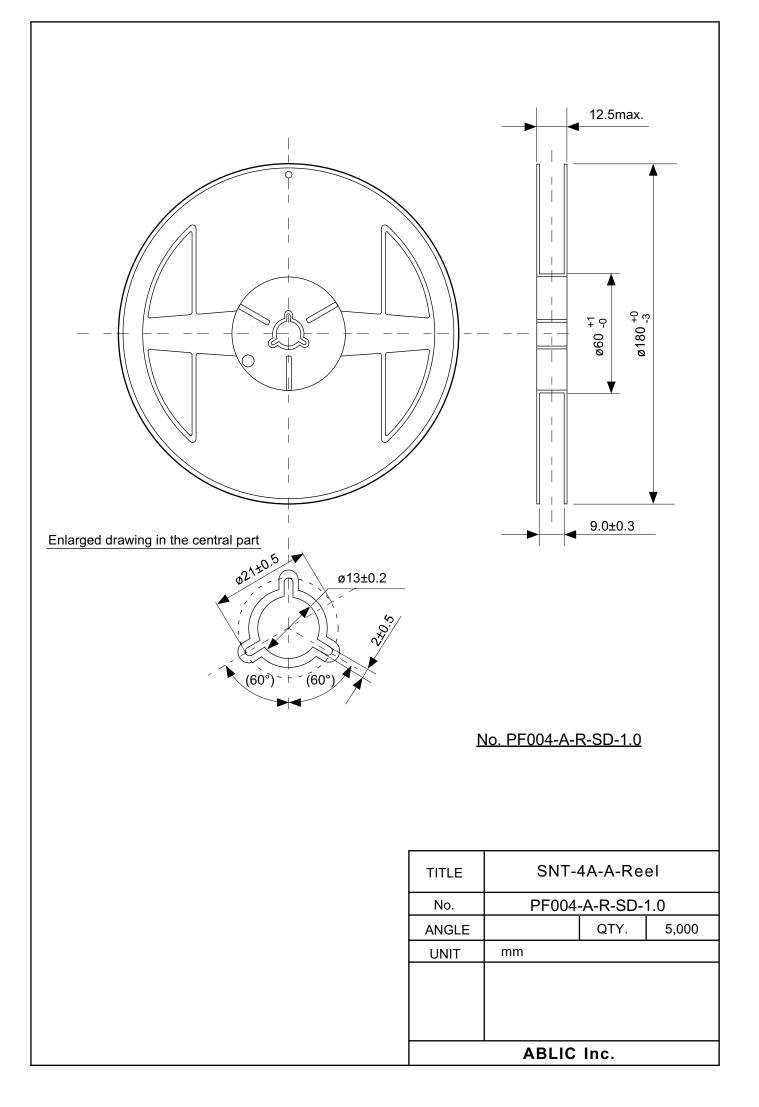


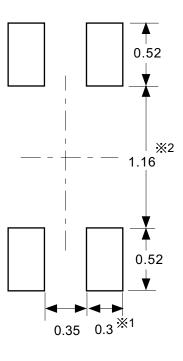




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※1. ランドパターンの幅に注意してください (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.)。 ※2. パッケージ中央にランドパターンを広げないでください (1.10 mm ~ 1.20 mm)。

- 注意 1. パッケージのモールド樹脂下にシルク印刷やハンダ印刷などしないでください。
  - 2. パッケージ下の配線上のソルダーレジストなどの厚みをランドパターン表面から0.03 mm 以下にしてください。
  - 3. マスク開口サイズと開口位置はランドパターンと合わせてください。
  - 4. 詳細は "SNTパッケージ活用の手引き" を参照してください。

%1. Pay attention to the land pattern width (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.).

%2. Do not widen the land pattern to the center of the package (1.10 mm to 1.20 mm).

Caution 1. Do not do silkscreen printing and solder printing under the mold resin of the package.

- 2. The thickness of the solder resist on the wire pattern under the package should be 0.03 mm or less from the land pattern surface.
  - 3. Match the mask aperture size and aperture position with the land pattern.
- 4. Refer to "SNT Package User's Guide" for details.
- ※1. 请注意焊盘模式的宽度 (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.)。
- ※2. 请勿向封装中间扩展焊盘模式 (1.10 mm ~ 1.20 mm)。
- 注意 1. 请勿在树脂型封装的下面印刷丝网、焊锡。
  - 2. 在封装下、布线上的阻焊膜厚度 (从焊盘模式表面起) 请控制在 0.03 mm 以下。
  - 3. 钢网的开口尺寸和开口位置请与焊盘模式对齐。
  - 4. 详细内容请参阅 "SNT 封装的应用指南"。

TITLE	SNT-4A-A -Land Recommendation			
No.	PF004-A-L-SD-4.1			
ANGLE				
UNIT	mm			
ABLIC Inc.				

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2.4-2019.07