

## Notes on soldering

### 1. Type

HSNT-8(2030) package

### 2. Storage

The epoxy resin used in package absorbs moisture in air, and the absorbed moisture vaporizes and expands during mounting. When the absorbed moisture amount becomes large, package cracks may occur.

For this reason, storage in lower humidity environment is recommended.

Package adapted to the storage condition of the ambient temperature ( $T_a$ ) of 5 to 30°C and relative humidity (RH) of 40 to 70%. This product is suitable for using it within one year.

### 3. Rinse

When rinse-free flux is applied, rinsing is not necessary. It may cause corrosion when residue of the active agents remained in the flux. Good selection of flux is indispensable to avoid corrosion.

### 4. Resistance to soldering heat (Reflow soldering)

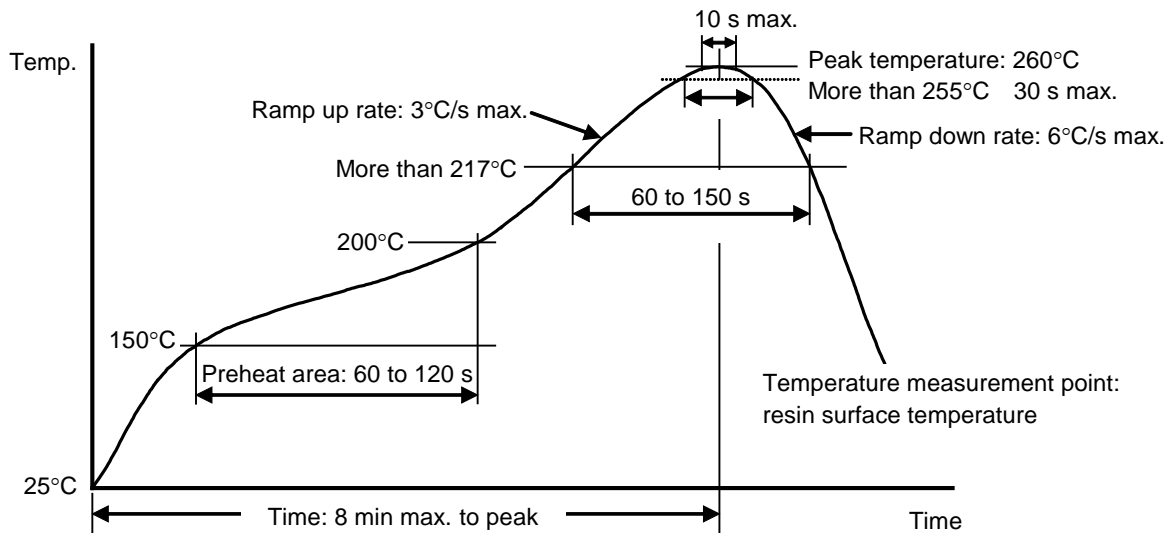
#### 4.1 Reflow soldering

The temperature rise may be different in the resin and a terminal part due to the reflow soldering.

It is necessary to check the package surface temperature (resin) before setting the temperature profile.

**Figure 1** shows the resistance to soldering heat condition for package (Reflow method).

Confirm the heat resistance of the package shown below. (Based on **JEDEC J-STD-020**)



**Figure 1 Resistance to soldering heat condition for package (Reflow method)**

Number of maximum reflow cycles: Three times

### 5. Caution on heat sink at backside

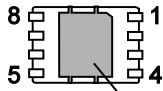
Please do not use a heat sink as terminal.

The heat sink has different potentials depending on the product so that it may not work with wrong connection.

Use the heat sink in order to improve the package abilities of heat diffusion and mounting strength.

e.g. HSNT-8(2030)

Bottom view



Heat sink at backside